

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU. April 11.—Last 24 hours rainfall, .01. Temperature, max. 76. min. 68. Weather, variable.

Sunday Advertiser

SUGAR—96° Test Centrifugals, 4.43c.; Per Ton, \$88.60. 88 Analysis Beets, 11s. 8 1-4d; Per Ton, \$89.40.

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HONOLULU, HAWAII TERRITORY, SUNDAY, APRIL 12, 1908.—FOURTEEN PAGES.

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PINKHAM SCORED IN THE HAWAIIAN MASS MEETING

Strong Resolutions Passed Opposing the Reappointment of Pinkham and Denouncing His Policy Towards the Lepers and Their People.

WHEREAS, the term of L. E. Pinkham as President of the Board of Health is now on the eve of expiring, and his reappointment is a matter of great moment and of vital interest to the Hawaiian-Americans of this Territory; and

WHEREAS, as Hawaiian-Americans representing a large percentage of our present electorate, we, in mass-meeting assembled, irrespective of political affiliations, but voicing the general sentiment of our people, do firmly believe L. E. Pinkham to be a political trickster, and is too unreliable a man to be President of the Board of Health, and this we judge by the public record of his past official actions; and

WHEREAS, we believe and are convinced that he does not want to lessen the number of lepers at the Settlement, so as to insure a large appropriation, and we Hawaiians as a class to form the base of supply for his unfortunate victims, as evidenced by his criminal neglect and failure to provide a home for the clean boys of leprosy parents, who "every minute, every day, every month, every biennial period that is allowed to pass without this matter being pushed through," are helplessly exposed to contagion and disease at the Settlement, for, although provision was made for such a home not only by the last Legislature of 1907, and still unused, but as far back as 1905 an appropriation was made and allowed to lapse by the said L. E. Pinkham; and,

WHEREAS, we believe that he is morally certain that if the so-called Wallach Remedy is tried freely, a great number now at the Settlement would be declared non-lepers and let go, and the condition of many remaining greatly ameliorated; and,

WHEREAS, he not only has deliberately gone back on his promises to the representatives of the people in the Legislature assembled; but has also misled the poor lepers themselves, who are at the mercy of his minions, and shut off from public scrutiny and exposure; and,

WHEREAS, we believe that the people at large are now being taxed for the large appropriations (more than half of which is unnecessary) to benefit a few, to say nothing of the untold suffering, mental and physical, to the members of the separated families; and,

WHEREAS, we believe that the people helping him, if not for political ends, are those directly or indirectly benefiting by the large appropriations, and not representing the wishes of the masses; and,

WHEREAS, the utter depravity of an official who would refuse any and every avenue of hope to the afflicted ones unless it came through his proteges, Drs. Goodhue and Holman, is, to say the least, damnable; and,

WHEREAS, to protect ourselves, our children, and our children's children from the further official misuse of power by the said L. E. Pinkham, it becomes our bounden duty to intervene and protest against his reappointment;

BE IT THEREFORE RESOLVED, That we, the Hawaiian-Americans of the city of Honolulu, in mass-meeting assembled, this 11th day of April, A. D. 1908, expressing our own feelings and those of our fellow Hawaiians elsewhere, do hereby solemnly protest against the reappointment of L. E. Pinkham as President of the Board of Health;

AND BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That we respectfully and humbly pray the Governor that in making any contemplated appointment that he will first require a pledge from the appointee that he will, as far as his powers lie, allow a free and open trial of the Wallach remedy at the Settlement, to the end that such having been done, the poor unfortunates confined there, as well as we humble petitioners and the people at large, will be satisfied that the utmost has been done to relieve them without regard to any objections of scientific isms or fine-spun theories.

These resolutions were adopted last night at a mass meeting of Hawaiians in Aala Park, at which four speakers scored the applicant for reappointment to the Board of Health presidency for his neglect of the Hawaiian people.

"Pinkham is very anxious to spend the people's money in catching rats, but when it comes to building a home for the little boys of the Settlement, he is in no hurry at all," announced Sam Kalua, one of the speakers. "When it comes to spending money for the haole planters and the haole business men, Pinkham is a hard worker, but when it comes to spending anything to relieve the poor Hawaiians, Pinkham is never willing."

About three hundred people were gathered before the speakers' stand, and enthusiasm was aroused at intervals when a particularly telling shot was fired into the applicant for reappointment. John Sheldon, Fred Beckley, Sam Kalua and Mrs. Mary Atcherley were the speakers, and close attention was paid to their remarks.

There was no opposition. None of the Hawaiians said to be in favor of endorsing Pinkham were present, nor were there any opposing remarks made from the crowd when the resolution was read by Mr. Beckley and a vote called.

Each of the speakers in turn reviewed the history of the Pinkham administration of the Board of Health as applied to the Hawaiians, scoring him for the manner in which he disregarded the wishes of the Legislature, the way he had deceived the Molokai people in the Wallach matter and the neglect he has shown in the matter of building the home for the boys of the Settlement.

At the meeting a committee of three—Sheldon, Olepau and Kalua—was appointed to present the resolution passed to Governor Frear, which will be done at nine o'clock tomorrow morning.

THE ALOHA AINA IS OUT STRONGLY AGAINST PINKHAM

Says That His Reappointment Would Arouse the Strongest Feeling of Race Prejudice and Defeat White Men on the Tickets.

The following is a close translation of a stirring editorial in the last number of the Aloha Aina. It was written by Mrs. Nawahi, one of the strongest of the Hawaiian women leaders—a force to be reckoned with in politics. The editorial is headed: "To the Governor; Don't Reappoint Pinkham to be President of the Board of Health. The Voice of the People is the Voice of God."

Pinkham's term as president of the Board of Health expires on Monday and the possibility of his reappointment is being discussed.

At a meeting of the Merchants' Association (rich white men) of Honolulu, they passed a resolution requesting the Governor to reappoint Pinkham. Therefore here are the Merchants' Association asking Pinkham's reappointment; and we turn to find out what is the desire of the public outside of these, and that means the Hawaiians; and they will most certainly answer with one voice: "We do not want Pinkham reappointed to be president of the Board of Health."

"The voice of the People" has been called "The voice of God"—not the voices of a very few like these rich ones. Is it to be believed that Hawaii is so poverty-stricken as to be without one other capable man beside Pinkham?

If Pinkham was to be retained in office, it would be a measure calculated to arouse the strongest feeling of race prejudice among the Hawaiians, and one can most surely forecast that every name of a white man on any ballot would be erased at the coming campaign.

This is what we prophesy in the event of his reappointment, for he is most cordially disliked by the Hawaiians for well known reasons.

The desire of the rich (white men) to retain him in office is perhaps actuated with a regard to the trade to be done by their stores. Perhaps some of them have goods that are being sent to Molokai.

But on the side of the poor ones (the Hawaiians) they are looking to the relief, comfort and life, to their fellow-men now being detained in that land of affliction.

Therefore here stands the two parties, the few rich men on one side, the poor men with many votes on the other. It

THE JAPANESE SPY SYSTEM

Elaborate Secret Service Keeps Tokio in Touch With Many Things.

(Advertiser Correspondence. Copyright 1908, by Frederic J. Haskin.)

TOKIO, March 21.—The Japanese government maintains a secret service system which for thorough organization and effectiveness is a marvel. Every few days the newspaper dispatches give accounts of some new exploit of the members of this corps. Even if all of these reports cannot be substantiated, their frequency and the wide territory covered would make it seem that the activities of these spies extend to the furthest ends of the earth. One day they are heard from in some remote province of China, and the next in far off Chile. American army officers assert that the system of espionage in the Philippines has been so extensive that the officials in Tokio know more about the islands than the War Department in Washington. It has

even been stated that agents of the Japanese war office, in the guise of railroad section laborers or servants in families residing in the locality, are stationed at every large railroad bridge on the Pacific Coast. While this may be mere rumor, the damage such an organized force could do to transportation in the event of hostilities breaking out, is easy to comprehend.

That the Japanese are not new at this game was shown by an incident which occurred recently in China. An American physician attached to one of the missionary hospitals located in an inaccessible province was aroused late one night by two Japanese men who requested that he accompany them to the bedside of a man who was dangerously ill. The doctor rapidly donned his clothes and hurried away with them. The patient proved to be a Japanese dressed in Chinese clothing, and at first glance the professional man saw that the sufferer was beyond recovery. The Japanese requested the physician to revive the dying man if possible, and they immediately set about taking a long statement from him. The physician could not understand anything that was said, except the names of towns, rivers and of prominent Chinese citizens. The reiteration of these Chinese names, as well as the anxiety of the Japanese to secure a complete statement, made it plain to the American that the doomed man was a spy. The remarkable part of the affair was that the dying Japanese had a full-grown queue and, when speaking to the doctor or the servants, spoke perfect Chinese. The fact that this man had been a spy long enough to grow a queue indicates that the Japanese secret service is not a new branch of government work.

Innumerable incidents have occurred which show that high-class Japanese willingly do the most menial work in order to secure information their government desires. The foreigners have a fine club in Yokohama to which no native can belong. During the war with Russia this place was the rendezvous for business men of various nationalities, many of whom had important transactions with one or both of the belligerent powers. There was naturally a good deal of interesting gossip exchanged there, and later it was found that none of this had been lost on the ears of the Japanese authorities. The manager of the club had a number of Japanese boys about the place as servants, and during the progress of the war several of these were drafted for service at the front.

As they left for Manchuria, where the climate is cold, the manager presented each of them with a heavy, warm sweater. Toward the end of the campaign, a servant to whom he was particularly attached on account of his aptness and reliability, served notice that he had been summoned to the front. Thereupon the manager purchased a particularly fine sweater as a present for his favorite. Imagine the consternation around the club next morning when the servant appeared in the uniform of a Japanese naval officer.

FLEET SAILS NORTH TO HOME PORTS

Evans Will Not Join His Flagship at Los Angeles as Hoped—Anna Sails and the Villain Pursues.

(Associated Press Cablegrams.)

MAGDALENA, Mexico, April 12.—The fleet sailed north yesterday.

PASO ROBLES, Cal., April 12.—Rear Admiral Evans will be unable to meet the fleet at Los Angeles.

ANNA AND HER PRINCE.

NEW YORK, April 12.—Madame Gould and the Prince de Sagan have sailed for Europe in separate steamers.

GOULD THE CHAMPION.

NEW YORK, April 12.—Gould retains the tennis championship, defeating Miles.

BOYCOTT IN CHINA EFFECTIVE.

HONGKONG, April 11.—The Toyo Kisen Kaisha steamship Hongkong Maru today sailed from this port for Japanese ports, Honolulu and San Francisco without a single package of Chinese freight. The fact that her cargo does not include an item of Chinese merchandise is the direct result of the boycott declared by the Chinese on Japanese commerce, the Chinese merchants refusing to ship on a vessel flying the Japanese flag.

ALASKA TRAILS ARE BUMPY.

VALDEZ, Alaska, April 11.—The Thomas automobile, representing America in the race from New York to Paris is returning to Seattle, having found the roads in this section to be impassable.

LA FOLLETTE GETS ONE STATE.

MILWAUKEE, April 11.—The Republican convention in this city has elected a delegation to Chicago which consists of one Taft man and twenty-five for La Follette.

BIG JEWEL ROBBERY.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 11.—The Lundy jewelry store on Market street was robbed today of \$50,000 worth of jewelry by some unknown men who made their escape.

HUGHES ENDORSED.

NEW YORK, April 11.—The Republican State Convention endorses Governor Charles E. Hughes for President.

MORE JURORS FOR RUEF.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 11.—Six out of twelve jurors were chosen today to try Abe Ruef for bribery in connection with many graft charges.

HONOR STEVENS IN SEOUL.

SEOUL, Korea, April 11.—Impressive services to the memory of the late D. W. Stevens, who was murdered in San Francisco, were held here today.

SITE FOR BATTERY IS TO BE FILLED

Land on Waikiki Side of Channel to Be Piled in by Dredger.

Work will soon begin on the site for a battery on the Waikiki side of the channel into Honolulu harbor.

The filled-in land on that side of the channel, which already extends out beyond the Myrtle Boat Clubhouse, is to be extended out still further. The suction dredger which is at

work on the harbor dredging now depositing its spoil on Sand Island is to begin the work of filling in the proposed space on the Waikiki side of the channel. A retaining wall is to be built. This is to be the location of one of the two batteries which are to defend the entrance to the harbor.

The work of putting in the heavy stone which is to form the facing of the retaining wall on the channel side of Sand Island has begun. The heavy stones now being put in place there are the concrete blocks which formerly formed the foundations of the old lighthouse. These weigh as much as eight tons, some of them. The re-

mainder of the large rock necessary is being quarried about eight miles this side of Waiānae, on the line of the Oahu Railway. A siding is now being built at the point of the quarry for the purposes of the work.

THIRTY GAMBLERS YESTERDAY.

The police conducted three successful gambling raids yesterday, running in thirty gamblers in all. Eight of these are Hawaiian and Japanese crap-shooters, rounded up in Kakaako, four other Hawaiian bone-rollers being caught at the Inter-Island wharf. Late last night eighteen Chinese were caught in a joint in the duck-pond district of Waikiki. Another raid was led into Waiānae, but word of the police coming was telephoned on ahead and the dragnet came up empty.

ILA ISLAND LUMBERING.

The Lumberman's Review for March makes a long guess concerning the location of the Hawaiian Mahogany Company's claims in the following:

"The lumber company, whose temporary office is in Chicago, is having manufactured in Milwaukee machinery for a large lumber mill to be erected on the island of Ila, within sight of Mt. Mauna Loa. The mill will turn out railroad ties from the Hawaiian timber known as ohea. The Hawaiian company has the timber rights of the entire island of Ila, which is about 80 by 140 miles in size."